

Annales Amicorum Cathedralis
Roffensis

BEING THE

Second Annual Report

OF THE

FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER
CATHEDRAL



FEBRUARY, 1937

Published by THE FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER CATHEDRAL and
printed by THE STANHOPE PRESS LTD., ROCHESTER

PRICE SIXPENCE

Annales Amicorum Cathedralis
Roffensis

BEING THE

Second Annual Report

OF THE

FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER
CATHEDRAL



FEBRUARY, 1937

Published by THE FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER CATHEDRAL and
printed by THE STANHOPE PRESS LTD., ROCHESTER

CONTENTS

	Page
Members of Council	5
The Badge	7
Report	9
The Work of Bishop Ernulph, by W. A. Forsyth, F.R.I.B.A.	23
John Warner, 1580-1666, by E. H. Lee Warner .	28
Gifts Received	33
Requests for Gifts	34
The Cathedral as a Centre of Prayer, Work and Worship	35
List of Members	36
Statement of Accounts	45-6
Enrolment Form	47

ILLUSTRATIONS

	To face page
Re-opened Doorway, Norman Chapter House .	<i>Frontispiece</i>
Triforium, South Side of Nave	23
The Great West Door	26
John Warner, Bishop of Rochester	28
Tomb of Bishop John Warner	32



Frontispiece

Morris, Rochester

THE RE-OPENED DOORWAY OF THE NORMAN CHAPTER HOUSE

FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER CATHEDRAL

Patron:

H.R.H. The Duke of Kent, K.G.

President:

The Bishop of Rochester.

Vice-President:

The Marquis Camden, G.C.V.O.,
Lord Lieutenant of Kent.

Chairman of the Council:

The Dean of Rochester.

Vice-Chairman:

Lt. Colonel Oscar Boulton.

Members of the Council:

The Mayor of Rochester. The Mayor of Chatham.

The Mayor of Gillingham.

Vice-Admiral Sir E. R. G. R. Evans, K.C.B., D.S.O.,
Commander-in-Chief, The Nore.

Major-General L. V. Bond, General Officer Commanding
Chatham Area.

Mr. R. A. Arnold.

*Dr. C. W. Greene

Canon Fancourt Bell.

Mr. A. E. Hobbs.

Rev. A. M. Brakenrig.

Sir Arthur Jelf, C.M.G.

Sir Herbert Baker, R.A.

Bishop Lanchester King, D.D.

Miss Irene Churchill,
D.Phil., F.S.A.

Rev. E. L. Langston.

Canon W. H. Mackean, D.D.

*Mr. E. D. Clark.

Sir Eric Maclagan, C.B.E.

*Mr. Robert Cobb.

Dr. Sydney Nicholson, M.V.O.

The Dowager Countess of
Darnley.

Mr. W. R. Nottidge.

Alderman F. F. Smith.

Worshipful F. H. L.

Mr. F. W. Smith.

Errington, Chancellor of
the Diocese.

The Archdeacon of Tonbridge.

*Canon S. W. Wheatley, F.S.A.

*Members of the Executive Committee.

Hon. Secretary:

Miss Sandford.

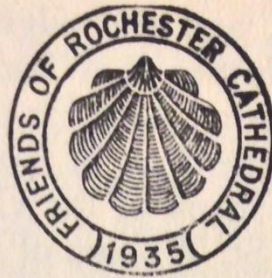
Hon. Treasurer:

Mr. Hubert King.

Assistant Secretary:

Mrs. Burton.

The Deanery, Rochester, Kent.



Badge of the Friends of
Rochester Cathedral

The Association of the Friends of Rochester Cathedral was formed in 1935 as it was felt that there must be many who would like to be associated with this ancient and interesting church, and to have a share in the preservation and upkeep of the fabric.

All who care for this venerable church are therefore asked to join the Association of Friends of Rochester Cathedral, and thus to help the Dean and Chapter to bear the responsibility of preserving for future generations a building which stands for so much in the history of our National Church.

Membership of the Friends of Rochester Cathedral can be of three kinds: Individual Membership with a minimum annual subscription of 5s., so that no one may be excluded on the ground of lack of means; Life Membership—a donation of £20; and Corporate Membership for schools, colleges and other bodies with an annual subscription of 10s. or more.

Friends who visit the Cathedral and attend Festivals are asked to wear the Badge of Membership illustrated above.

When the question of a badge for the Friends of Rochester Cathedral was considered, the scallop shell which appears in the arms of the diocese seemed the most appropriate symbol. The badge, therefore, consists of a gold shell on a red field with the words "Friends of Rochester Cathedral" and "1935," the date of the inauguration of the Friends, round the rim.

It is well known that the scallop was the ancient emblem of St. James the Great, whose shrine at Santiago de Compostela in Spain was long a favourite

place of pilgrimage, and the pilgrims early used the scallop as a sign whither they had been. Eventually it seems to have been a badge for pilgrims in general, and its inclusion in the arms of Rochester is probably due to the fact that many of the Canterbury pilgrims visited the shrine of St. William of Perth at Rochester, he also being a pilgrim on his way to the Holy Land when he was so foully murdered outside the city.

As the Friends of the Cathedral are, in a way, the successors of the pilgrims of old, it was thought appropriate that they should use their traditional badge and at the same time by making the scallop gold on a red field, the tinctures of the shell and saltire in the Arms of the See, the connection with the Cathedral is also suitably indicated.

(The price of the badge is 1s. post free and may be obtained from the Hon. Secretary, The Deanery, Rochester.)

REPORT

The issue of the Second Annual Report sees the Friends of Rochester Cathedral firmly established and taking an active part in the life of the Cathedral. Friends have increased in numbers and old Friends have, with very few exceptions, continued their connection with the Cathedral. We have held our First Annual Festival and completed a number of pieces of work in and around the Cathedral, and a detailed account of the progress of the work is given later in the Report. The Chapter at their meeting in December expressed their very grateful thanks to the Friends for all they have done and are doing. As everyone knows these are times of great difficulty for Deans and Chapters. The existence and support of the Friends at Rochester Cathedral has made it possible, not only for the repair work, so necessary to keep the Cathedral in good condition, to be continued without a break, but also for work to be undertaken which has long needed attention and which would otherwise have to go undone for want of financial support. It is the formation of a permanent body such as the Friends that allows the Dean and Chapter to plan ahead for the necessary work without fear. We hope that 1937 will see a still larger increase in membership and therefore an increase in the assistance which the Friends can offer.

The years -37 and -87 have been memorable ones in Rochester for many centuries. In the days of King Alfred Rochester benefited, as did the whole of his kingdom, from this king's work in 887 in compiling the laws of England and dividing the country into shires and hundreds; an arrangement still existing to this day near Rochester in the Hundred of Hoo. The year 1137 was a momentous one in the life of the Cathedral. Under Bishop John I the Nave and west front were completed, and Mr. Forsyth, the Cathedral Architect, in his article on page 23 has

given an account of this part of the building. On June 3rd that year the first of two great fires swept the City, Cathedral and Monastery. Gervase, the Monk of Canterbury, records "the church of St. Andrew, Rochester, was burnt, and the whole city together with the offices of the bishop and monks" and that the monks had to find other accommodation. One cannot help feeling that the death of Bishop John on June 20th may have been hastened by seeing the destruction of his church. Only a few years before he had assisted at the dedication of the new church by the Archbishop of Canterbury "in the presence of King Henry I and eleven English and two Norman bishops." Of Bishop John a chronicler records "he began also to do many more good deeds, but he did not persevere with them."

Strangely enough in 1887, seven hundred and fifty years later, Sir Gilbert Scott undertook the repair of the west front which was then in a lamentable condition.

In 1637 John Warner, then Archdeacon of Canterbury, was appointed to the See of Rochester. Appointed by Charles I, impeached by Cromwell and restored to his bishopric by Charles II, he was a zealous defender of the Church and to him was entrusted the conduct of their case by the Seven Bishops on their impeachment. He was the last Bishop of Rochester to be buried in the Cathedral to which he was a generous donor. An account of his life and work is given on page 28 by Mr. E. H. Lee-Warner. We may be justly proud of the fact that Mr. Warner is a Friend and that the Warner family still have a part in the preservation of the Cathedral to-day.

We must hope that 1937 will give opportunity for the Friends to continue the work of those who have in the past done so much for the Cathedral. By making a start this year on the great scheme for the restoration of the Cloister (see page 18) the Dean and Chapter and the Friends may feel they have done their part

to make this year a memorable one in the annals of the Cathedral and City.

Membership

With great pleasure we are able to report that since the inauguration of the Friends in February 1935, 815 members have been enrolled. Deaths and lapses from membership have amounted to 27 and there are therefore on the 22nd January, 1937, 788 Friends on the Roll of Members. We have 7 Life-Members among whom we are glad to know is Lt.-Col. Oscar Boulton, Vice-Chairman of the Friends' Council and well known for his work in the Diocese and the County.

The number of Corporate Friends has increased amazingly and there are now sixty-three, of whom 37 are Parochial Church Councils. It was at the suggestion of a member of the Council, a Rector in the Diocese, that Church Councils were asked if they would like to have this connection with the Cathedral and the response shows how well the suggestion was received.

It is with regret that we record the deaths of the following Friends:

Mr. F. C. Boucher, Mrs. A. F. Buxton, Canon Charles, Mr. J. E. Gill, Mrs. George Kent, Mrs. T. B. Knight, Mr. Bower Marsh, Mr. Donald Maxwell, Rev. T. Pearman-Stevens, Mr. Frederick Schooling, Admiral A. J. B. Stirling, Mrs. Wiltshire.

The Council considered that Friends would like to see a list of those who had joined with them in the preservation of the Cathedral and the names of all Friends on the Roll of Members will be found on pages 36-44.

The Council.

There have been three meetings of the Council during the year. A slight alteration has been made in one Clause of the Constitution in regard to the re-election of the Council and paragraph 5 now reads as follows:

The Council shall be appointed for three years, at the end of which time an election shall be held at which all members of the Association shall have the right to vote and such election of the Council shall be held triennially. All members of the Council shall retire at the end of each triennial period but shall be eligible for re-election.

It was thought advisable to appoint an Executive Committee of the Council to deal with matters arising between Council meetings, and the following members consented to serve: Chairman (The Dean of Rochester), Vice-Chairman (Lt.-Col. Oscar Boulton), Mr. E. D. Clark, Mr. Robert Cobb, Dr. C. W. Greene, Canon S. W. Wheatley, with the Hon. Secretary and the Hon. Treasurer as *ex-officio* members. This Committee has held two meetings and has done very useful work, particularly in drawing up a Report for the Council with recommendations for the allocation of the Friends' funds.

The Executive Committee also constituted themselves into a Festival Committee (with the Organist of the Cathedral, Mr. H. A. Bennett, and the Sacrist, the Rev. H. G. Welch as co-opted members) to make arrangements for the Annual Festival in June 1937 and have drawn up a programme which should appeal to everyone, whether Friends or not.

With unanimous approval the Council have elected Colonel Boulton as their Vice-Chairman and we have welcomed as new members Rochester's new Mayor, Major Granville Winch, General L. V. Bond, General Officer commanding Chatham area, Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Evans, Commander-in-Chief, The Nore, and Mr. A. E. Hobbs, Ass.P.G.M., in place of Mr. Longley, General Dobbie, Admiral Tweedie and Lord Cornwallis, for whose help the Friends are most grateful. The Council have also elected Mr. E. D. Clark, Dr. Irene Churchill, and Sir Arthur Jelf.

Now that the Friends' work has increased it was

thought that the appointment of a Chartered Accountant as auditor would be advisable and Mr. Lawrance Bull of Messrs. Tribe, Clark, Darton and Pollock has consented to undertake this work in a voluntary capacity. The Friends are most grateful to Mr. Bull for his kindness. Mr. Hubert King, to whom we owe our thanks for undertaking this work in the previous year, has now been elected the Hon. Treasurer of the Friends. Mr. King, on his retirement from the managership of Barclays Bank, has settled in Rochester and is therefore close at hand when he is needed.

Finance

On pages 45-46 will be found the Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended September 30th, 1936 and the Balance Sheet as at 30th September. The deficit on the year's working is accounted for by the fact that the Income and Expenditure account does not take into consideration the balance in hand at the beginning of the financial year. The auditor has also allowed for the fact that an amount of £107 18s. 7d. has been voted by the Council but not yet expended as the work is not completed.

We are particularly glad to be able to report that the introduction of a badge has been a success.

Work in Hand and Completed

Norman Chapter House. Friends may have seen the article in *The Times* of 2nd April, 1936, giving an account of this work, and by kind permission of the Editor we reproduce it here:

The first piece of archæological work undertaken by the Friends of Rochester Cathedral, in conjunction with the Dean and Chapter, has been in the Norman Chapter House, which dates from about 1130. This fine room, measuring 64 ft. by 32½ ft., lost its roof soon after the dissolution of the monastery in 1540. The main walls remain, though one-third of their length is now incorporated in the Deanery. Two bays of the arcading remain within the house.

The west front of the Chapter House, which opens on to the Cloister, has, below three great Norman windows, an archway of unusual design and much beauty, which had been walled up for centuries until it was re-opened a few weeks ago. On either side of the central doorway are two openings such as are seen at Christ Church, Oxford, and in some few other places. These also have been filled in, at least since the seventeenth century. Within the building the soil lay to a depth of 3 ft.

The work was begun at the end of February with the taking out of the walling from the West doorway, thus opening it once more into the East walk of the Cloister, which alone remains.

The mouldings, the delicate carving of the capitals and the shafts of the arch are now displayed in their full beauty. One interesting feature is the head of a horned devil putting out his tongue at the monks as they came into their Chapter House. The earth has been removed from the West end of the Chapter House and at a depth of 3 ft. were found fragments of the encaustic tiling of the floor; a few pieces were still *in situ*, but most of the tiles were broken into fragments. Pottery and other small matters were also found, and a tiny object, apparently a coin, which has still to be identified. The bases of two piers in line with a fifteenth-century respond in the South wall have also been uncovered, and provide evidence of a vaulted vestibule, possibly carrying a bridge, which communicated with the dormitory immediately to the South, and with the choir. Some puzzling features, such as the foundations of a wall near the West end of the Chapter House, have appeared, and will perhaps be explained.

It has always been believed that the Priors of the Monastery of St. Andrew had a right of burial within the Chapter House. At a depth of 2 ft. 6 in. to 3 ft. below the paving a skeleton has been discovered, and there is reason to believe that another lies not far off. No vessels were found: the bones were not removed, and were covered up again within half an hour of their being disclosed. There was no sign of a coffin; probably the body was buried in a shroud.

This work is now completed so far as the Chapter propose to go at present, and the frontispiece shows the doorway as it is to-day. The Friends may justifiably be proud of one of the first pieces of work they undertook.

*The East Gable Cross**

The cross at the apex of the east gable of the choir fell back on to the roof during the great gale of June the 21st, dragging with it the lightning conductor.

The cross has been reproduced in Portland stone from a drawing made from the fragments, and re-erected, together with the lightning conductor, and the damage done to the roofs both by the fall and by the erection of scaffolding has been made good.

*Parapets and Copings of the Aisles**

The repair of the parapets and copings of the Lady Chapel, the aisles and west end of the nave, were carried out during May and June.

The stone copings of the south aisle and Lady Chapel were taken off; all stones fit for re-use were re-bedded, the deficiencies being made up with new Portland stone to match.

The opportunity was taken to fill in the embrasures in the parapet of the aisle with Kent ragstone and so bring it into harmony with those of the Chapel and the nave clerestory. This alteration combined with the insertion of a continuous double course of slates beneath the coping ought to reduce considerably the penetration of moisture into the wall.

The coping stones of the north aisle, being in a sufficiently good condition, only needed the removal of the rusty remains of useless iron cramps and the filling in of open joints.

The parapet of the west front of the nave—rebuilt in 1825-26—has been tied in with delta metal cramps to the flanking turrets and two badly decayed moulded coping stones have been renewed.

The upper parts of the chimneys from the two stoves in the aisles which had been badly cracked by heat have been rebuilt and fitted with new pots.

*The Dormitory Undercroft**

Two of the responds have been exposed to view for

*From Mr. E. F. Cobb's report.

many years by the clearing away of the filling and the formation of a small open area round each, from the Norman floor level up to that of the existing yard.

A trench has been dug from the southernmost of the two pits to the south-west angle of the undercroft exposing the base and all that remains of the semi-circular shaft of the next respond, the threshold and lowest quoin stones of two doorways. The cap and greater part of the shaft are missing.

The side of the trench has been temporarily planked, strutted and railed off pending decisions as to further action, which might well include the completion of the excavation, the construction of retaining walls, fencing and roof northwards to include as much as possible of the undercroft in one long area to which access could be obtained by re-opening one of the built-up doorways.

WORK FOR 1936-1937

Excavations on the South-West Side of the Cathedral

Mr. A. W. Clapham in his recent most interesting book on "Romanesque Architecture in England before the Conquest" points out that in many instances, notably at Canterbury and probably St. Paul's, Saxon Church builders provided, instead of one large building, two or more small ones for their worshippers.

In May 1876 during the underpinning of the outer wall of the south aisle of the nave there were found remains of a building which looked like a second early Saxon Church at Rochester. The excavation at that time was not carefully done but the remains consisted of what was thought to be part of an apse and of a wall to the west of it. The floor was thickly covered with a layer of white ashes but outside the building to the east was a red tiled floor. The Council, at their meeting in November, decided that the

Friends should provide a sum of money, not exceeding £20, for another excavation of this most important site. It is hoped that the work will be begun in March so soon as the winter frosts are over.

Sir William St. John Hope says "it is quite possible that these fragments may be part of a Saxon Church of a later date than Ethelbert's, and built clear of it to accommodate a larger congregation . . ." If it were a church its existence would clear up several of the difficulties that arose from the smallness of that founded by Ethelbert.

General Repair Work

The Chapter presented to the Council a Schedule of general repairs required to the Cathedral covering a period of three years to cost approximately £500. On the recommendation of the Executive Committee the Council decided to undertake some repairs to the choir and transept stonework, ventilation to the roofs and the cleaning of the interior of the roofs of the choir and transepts at a cost not exceeding £180. Mr. Cobb writes:

"The roofs of the choir and eastern transepts were renewed and covered with large thick slates in the course of the extensive works carried out in the years 1825 and 1826. Dust in increasing quantities accumulates on the timbers and the upper surfaces of the walls and vaulting. It is proposed to remove as much as possible of the dirt and dust in order to ascertain the actual condition of the structure and if and where found necessary, repair to strengthen or treat for the prevention of the spread of decay or of damage by insects. Also to examine, scrape and paint iron tie rods, bolts, etc., to repair leaded glazing and to lime-whiten walls.

"The high-pitched roofs of the two western transepts were reconstructed about fifty years later by Sir Gilbert Scott—that of the north transept appears to have had very little, if any, cleaning since.

"The upper surfaces of the wooden vaulting of the south transept were thoroughly cleaned and treated with an insecticide

in the course of work carried out twelve years ago by means of the Foord bequest. Another cleaning and treatment will be very beneficial."

The Council further decided that should the income of the Friends received during 1937-8 and 1938-9 be not less than in 1935-6 the Friends should, if possible, undertake the remainder of the work required during those two years.

Restoration of the Norman Cloister

The Dean and Chapter have decided to proceed with a project of considerable archaeological and public importance in connection with one of the chief glories of the Cathedral—the remains of the Norman Cloister with its Cloister Garth, now the garden of Prebendal House. The suggestion is to remove Prebendal House, built more than 100 years ago, which occupies and disfigures the site of the Monastic Buildings, so that their remains may be seen once more in their proper setting by all visitors to the Cathedral.

The work will be carried out under the guidance of the consulting architect to the Dean and Chapter, Mr. W. A. Forsyth, F.R.I.B.A., who gives the fullest approval to the scheme.

Archæologically the interest lies in the fact that much Norman work of great importance remains, and that the plan of the Benedictine House at Rochester differs in some essential respects from other monastic remains in England. The buildings still in existence show a wealth of detail unsurpassed in richness by any other Norman work.

When the site of the house is cleared the South Cloister Wall with its thirteenth century doorway and the Monks' vaulted lavatory adjoining will be fully exposed. The Cloister Walk on the north and east sides remains practically at its original level. On the south and west sides it is covered by the rise in the

level of the garth. It will be of great interest if the level of the original paved floor can be established and shown on all four sides. At the same time it is proposed to roof in the rich and delicate Norman work of the west end of the Chapter House, and the east walk of the Cloister, which is at present exposed to the weather. The recent re-opening by the Friends of the Cathedral of the Chapter House doorway, blocked for some centuries, formed a valuable beginning to the development of the scheme. It is further proposed to uncover the footings of the Bishop's Gate in the opposite corner of the Cloister.

If the work can be carried through, the space will be open to the public, thus giving access to the whole of the Cloister with its early twelfth century sculpture and to the ancient Norman Chapter House. Both of these have hitherto been inaccessible, and the south side of the Cathedral has to a large extent been hidden from view.

The estimated cost of this scheme is £4,000, including the demolition of the house, the making good of the consequent depreciation of the Chapter property and some provision for the upkeep of the Cloister with its Garth in the future. The Chapter brought this scheme before the Council, and it was resolved that the Friends should contribute the sum of £275 during 1936-7, and that they would, if funds permitted, make further grants in the following two years. The Dean and Chapter are also issuing a public appeal, as owing to the fact that the Cathedral Foundation is greatly impoverished through the provisions of the Tithe Legislation, it would be impossible for them to undertake so large and important a work without substantial public assistance. If therefore any Friends feel they would like to give a special donation to this fund, both the Council and the Chapter would be most grateful. The donations, large or small, should be sent either to the Dean or to Miss Sandford, at The Deanery.

Lectures

The lectures on the Cathedral given by the Dean and the Hon. Secretary have been a great success, and the audiences have included Parochial Church Councils, Literary Societies, Schools, Photographic Societies and public gatherings. In addition the Dean gave a series of three lectures at the King's School in the autumn, which were much appreciated, and the tickets sold amounted to £12 13s. 6d. The Friends are always glad to arrange for lecturers on the Cathedral.

First Annual Festival

In June 1936 the Friends made their first attempt at an Annual Festival. We are not, of course, a large enough body to launch out into great expenditure, for the Festivals must pay for themselves and, we hope, make money for the Cathedral.

On Tuesday evening, June 3rd, there was a Recital of Music in the Cathedral, with Miss Catherine Stewart, Miss Flora Stainer, Mr. Gilbert Bailey and Mr. Bennett, the Cathedral Organist. Of Miss Stewart's songs it was the Agnus Dei from Bach's Mass in B minor that remains in the memory. Miss Stainer, a granddaughter of both Sir Frank Bridge and Sir John Stainer, has a family connection with Rochester, and that she should play in the Cathedral was a great pleasure to her as well as her audience. Mr. Bailey is already well-known in Rochester. One heard Mr. Bennett to the very best advantage on the newly-repaired organ (to which the Friends had given assistance).

The Friends' Festival Day opened with a sung Celebration of the Holy Communion, at which the President of the Friends, the Bishop of Rochester, officiated. It is perhaps for the Exhibition of Pre-Restoration Church Plate that the First Festival will always be remembered, for it enabled both the Friends and the public to see how rich both the Cathedral

and some of the diocesan Churches are in such treasures. Among the Cathedral plate was the Communion set made for the Duke of Gordon and Lenox, presented to the Cathedral by Sir Joseph Williamson, and the two large silver-gilt comfit dishes of the time of Henry VIII, probably used on the Refectory table of the Monastery. From the Diocese came the unique silver-gilt paten of 1525, in the possession of Cliffe-at-Hoo, an alms bason (1640-1) from St. Mary Cray, and cups, patens and flagons from Southfleet, Dartford, Westerham, Chiddingstone, Shipbourne, Yalding, Chatham, Sevenoaks and Hoo St. Mary. The Friends are most grateful to all these parishes for helping to make their First Festival a success. Many Friends also had their first sight of the Textus Roffensis.

We were sorry that owing to the funeral of Canon Percy Dearmer, the Dean of Westminster was unable to preach, and were therefore all the more grateful to Bishop King for taking his place at short notice. Bishop King reminded the Friends that they inherited the traditions of a long line of builders and restorers, and before them also was the vision of work and prayer for the Cathedral.

Owing to the doubtful weather it was not possible to have tea in the Deanery Garden, but thanks to the Headmaster, we were able to have the use of the King's School. The Dean was, however, able to take parties of Friends round the Cathedral, Deanery and Chapter House.

At the gathering after tea the Dean gave a résumé of the work already accomplished by the Friends, and Miss Sandford spoke of the Friends' progress in numbers and finance.

The Friends were greatly honoured by the fact that Sir Charles Peers, C.B.E., until recently H.M. Chief Inspector of Ancient Monuments, came to address them. Sir Charles impressed on his audience that it was the preservation of the stonework for which they must all work. He added that it was "possibly not the most

attractive side of the work, but one of the most important."

Festival 1937

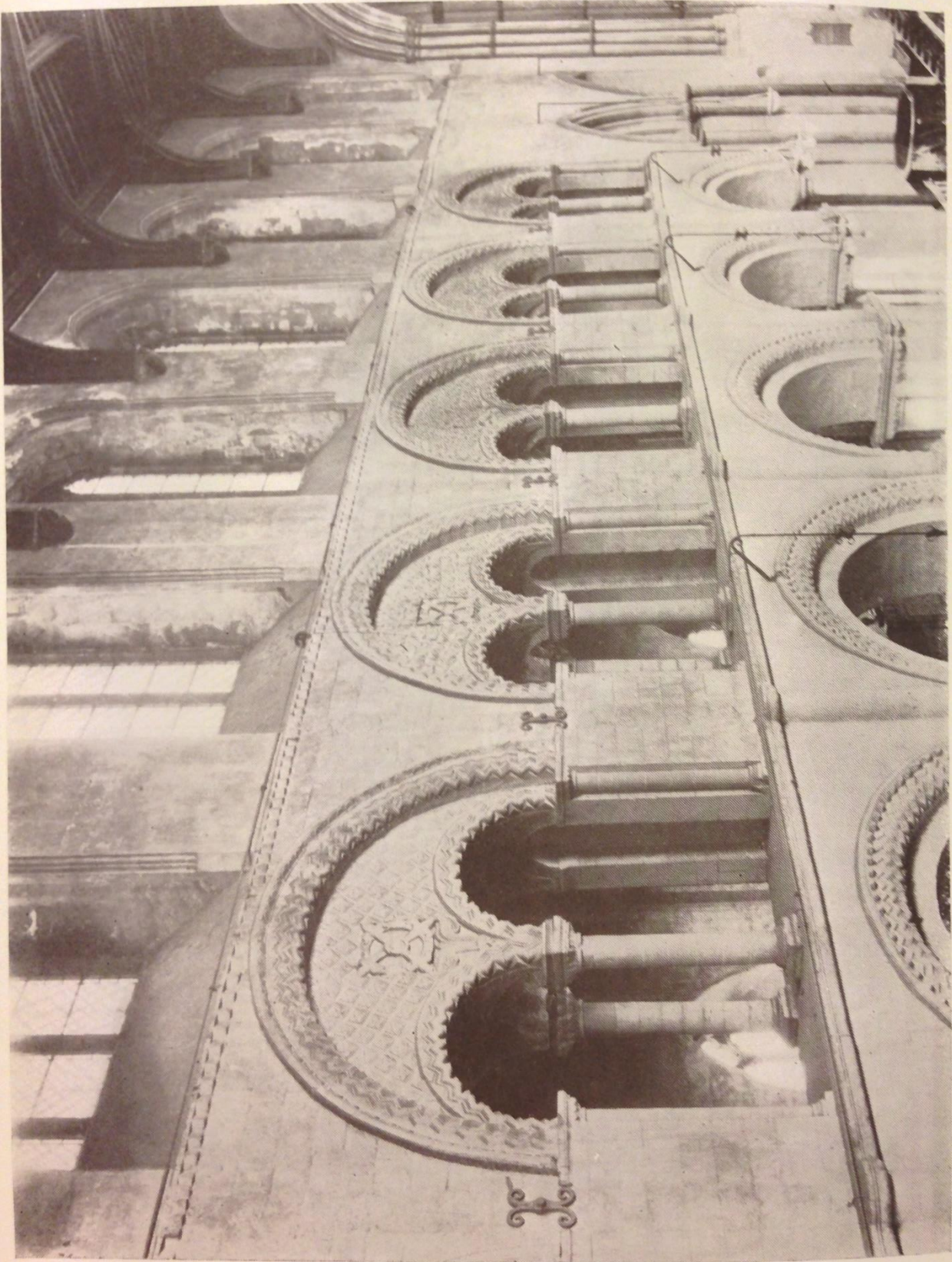
The Festival this year has been fixed for Thursday, Friday and Saturday, June 3rd, 4th and 5th. The music will include a Choral and Orchestral Concert by the Rochester Choral Society, with an augmented orchestra under the direction of Mr. H. A. Bennett, and a Concert by the Band of the Royal Engineers. Mr. T. S. Eliot, best known perhaps for his play, "Murder in the Cathedral," will give a lecture. The Friends' Festival day this year will be Saturday, June 5th, when Friends will gather for the Festival Service, Tea, and to hear the Dean of Norwich on "Mediaeval Life in a Cathedral Monastery." The Bishop of Grimsby, himself a Friend and once Precentor of the Cathedral, will be the preacher at the Festival Service. Fuller details will be sent to Friends nearer the date.

At the end of another year's work the Council and the Chapter feel that they must congratulate Miss Sandford and Mrs. Burton on the success which has been achieved by the Friends of Rochester Cathedral during 1935-6. It is difficult, in view of the losses under the Tithe Legislation, to see what the Cathedral would have done had it not been for the support of the Friends in the upkeep of the ancient fabric.

The Friends' thanks are due to the members of the Cathedral staff for their help and courtesy.

FRANCIS L. UNDERHILL,
*Chairman of the Council and
Dean of Rochester*

January, 1937



By courtesy of Raphael Tuck & Sons Ltd.

TRIFORIUM, SOUTH SIDE OF NAVE

THE WORK OF BISHOP ERNULPH AT ROCHESTER

BY

W. A. FORSYTH, F.R.I.B.A.

(Consulting Architect to the Dean and Chapter)

In studying a Cathedral or Church it is interesting to visualise the causes promoting its conception, the character and circumstances of the men concerned with its building, their enthusiasm for the spiritual adventure and the times in which they lived. In the midst of great difficulties of political unrest, these holy men entered upon the project with limited resources, but with abundant faith. Their patience was exemplary and, although the operations were slow, the buildings acquired, as a result, great durability. They had their failures, mainly the result of too rapid or intrepid effort.

Frequently the Mother Church of a diocese grew upon sites which previously held lesser ecclesiastical buildings, and around it arose the monastic structures appertaining to the order of the brethren.

Such was the case at Rochester in the late eleventh and early twelfth century, when Saxon buildings gave place to Norman in works by two great builders—Bishop Gundulph, 1076-1107, and Bishop Ernulph, 1108-1124.

The earlier structures of the former have invariably been covered up by subsequent design, but Gundulph's tower remains to this day on the north side, to a great extent at its original height. It is a large, solid mass of masonry; indeed, his work generally was of a massive order, in definite contrast with that of his successor, to whose works these few notes are directed.

Ernulph was formerly Abbot of Peterborough, and subsequently held office at Canterbury, at which places he is reputed to have built very largely, so that when entering upon Rochester he was fully conversant with

building methods, for the greater part of his nine years episcopacy must have been occupied with construction.

He lengthened the Nave and, in doing so, encased with stone the piers and other parts of Gundulph's arcades. The most important part of this work was the great west front. It was, however, never completed, for it is recorded that the foundations of two western towers were laid.

Among other major works of which the remains are visible were the building of the Chapter House and Cloisters, the Dormitory and its undercroft. It is interesting to note that whereas Gundulph's Cloister is said to have been in the usual position south of the Nave, Ernulph's Cloister stands to the south of the Choir.

The structural story of the Priory of Rochester is exceptional in many ways, for it suffered severely from political upheavals and by several disastrous fires.

The plan has not followed the customary lines, although based upon monastic requirements. What is also interesting is the placing of the main axis due north-west to south-east, instead of the more usual line—west to east. This deflection was probably determined by the proximity of the Roman wall.

Although not a very large building, the Cathedral contains beautiful examples of those famous periods of English Mediæval Architecture which produced some of the greatest works of constructional design of all time. Apart from the Norman work, the thirteenth century buildings are superb, as one may see in the North Transept and in the famous Crypt. This endeavour of the builders of the Early English period was doubtless stimulated by the work of Ernulph which immediately preceded it.

Ernulph had thus acquired great experience in construction; but he must be judged to have had also a full sense of proportion and an inspired knowledge of detail. It was not sufficient to build a stone arch of

several orders, but the work was enhanced by the addition of mouldings and by the most delicate carving it is possible to find in all Mediæval England.

An illustration in the first Annual Report of the Friends of the Cathedral, showing the eastern Cloister Wall and the entrance to the Chapter House, does not convey convincing points of fact, but it serves to show how even an enclosed stone wall was enriched with interlacing arches and other elaborate features. The frontispiece to the current issue illustrates in greater detail the doorway leading to the Chapter House. Until recently this doorway was filled in with stone rubble, but under the direction of the Dean the filling has been removed and the doorway opened out. The change has effected a remarkable improvement in extending the view of the monastery and in laying bare some hitherto unknown carved masonry. Here again the enrichments are varied in design and minute in scale. Attention is drawn to the columns in the doorway jambs, in which a third smaller shaft is introduced to fill up the thickness of the wall, maintaining its heavy substance yet retaining consistent scale in the detailed elaboration of the work.

In many of the decayed features of the east Cloister Wall the same principles of design are to be seen. Doorways lead into the undercroft of the Monk's Dormitory. Remains of this east wing of the Monastery are to be seen in the backyard of the Deanery. Here it is possible to conjecture the width of the undercroft and of the Dormitory above it, for the engaged piers of the outer walls have been exposed and preserved.

It is remarkable also to observe the great rise in the levels of the yard and of the Cloister Garth. Apart from the natural change in ground levels, the rise was greatly increased by the accumulation of waste building material, following upon the upheavals and destruction of the Norman and later buildings.

This lack of appreciation of the historic value of the

remains was continued well into the nineteenth century, when, without much thought, the Prebendal House was erected upon a site encroaching on the Cloisters and after some further destruction of Ernulph's outer walls.

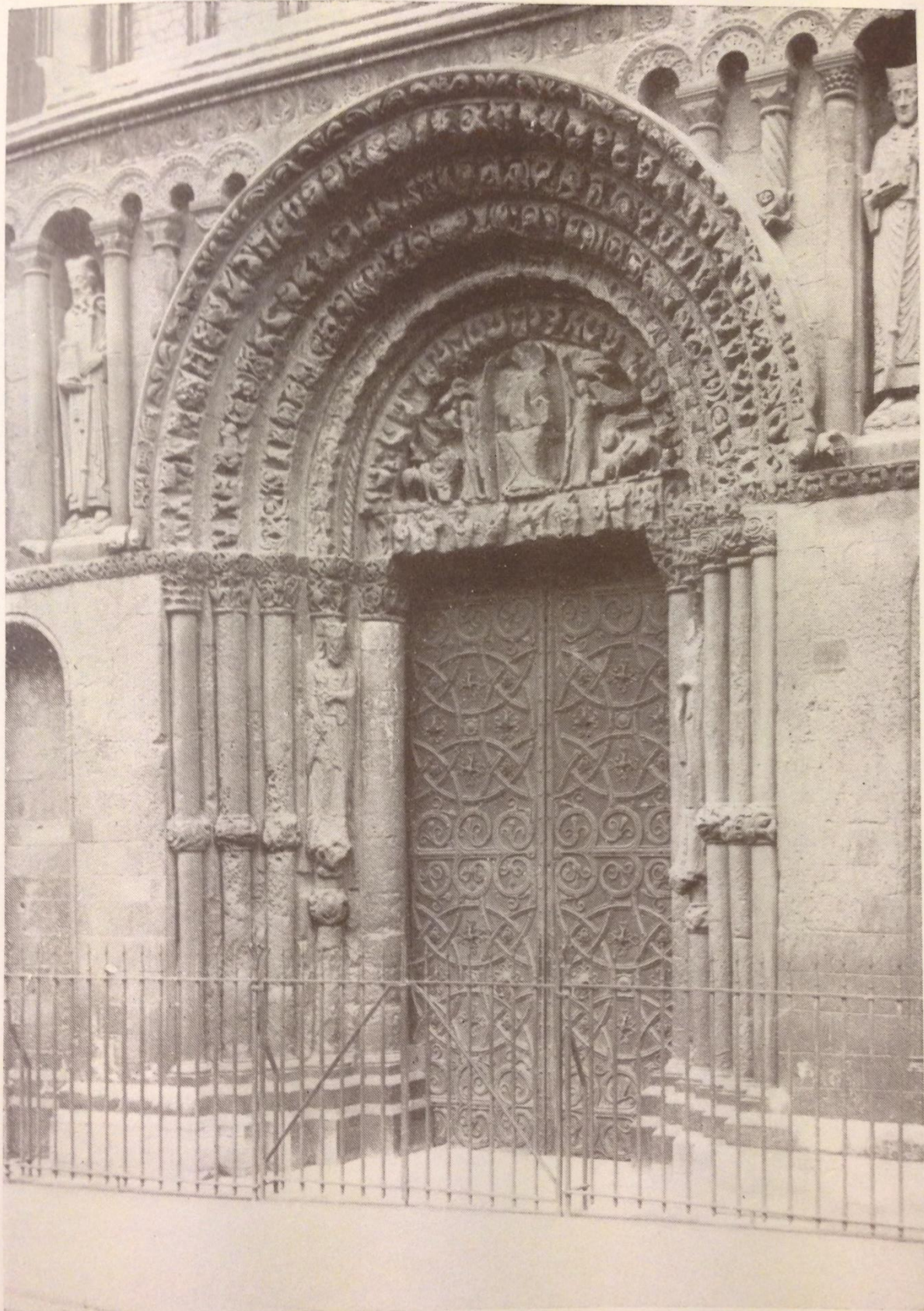
In spite of these disturbances, the great richness of Ernulph's work in the Cloisters and the Chapter House stands to this day as a mark to his genius.

Norman work, as a rule, was very accurately set out; care was taken to secure balance and symmetry. Many a twelfth century church has a vaulted chancel, but a wide vaulted nave was never attempted. Roofs, therefore, were of oak tie-beam form, sometimes flat in pitch covered with lead, but more frequently of steep pitch covered with lead or thatch.

The main walls are built in the usual manner of the period, that is to say, that the inner and outer faces were built with squared stones while the core of the walls was laid with stone rubble or, as we should call it to-day, lime concrete. This core probably consists of old material from former buildings. These three component parts of a wall are not necessarily a strong method of construction, and frequently gave unfortunate results. No untoward settlements appear to have taken place in the Norman work at Rochester.

The wonderful stone vaults of the thirteenth century and later gave a measure of stability to the walls and they served to provide means of protection from fires in roofs. The ceilings and roofs at Rochester Cathedral were of timber, and it is not difficult to conclude that the fires recorded in its history were started by lightning or by workmen engaged in the maintenance of the fabric.

There is faint evidence of Ernulph's Clerestory; windows at this level must have existed, for light was badly wanted. The series of small Norman windows was perhaps found insufficient, for it was replaced by larger lights in the fifteenth century and



THE GREAT WEST DOOR

By courtesy of Morris, Rochester

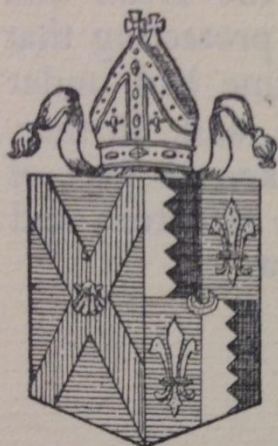
remains to this day the principal source of daylight in the Nave.

In concluding this brief survey of Bishop Ernulph's work at Rochester, it is only right that the Friends of the Cathedral should know that the Dean and Chapter are alive to the importance of protecting that work and that they have for some time had under consideration measures to preserve it, and, further, that some steps have already been taken as part of the general proposals to maintain the structure and amenities of the Cathedral of St. Andrew.

JOHN WARNER 1580-1666
Bishop of Rochester 1637-1666

by

E. H. LEE WARNER



Arms of John Warner,
Bishop of Rochester,
1637 - 1666

John Warner, "one of those noble persons who suffered for the Protestant religion," was the son of Harman Warner, and was born in the Parish of St. Clement Danes on the 23rd April, 1580. After entering Magdalen College, Oxford, in 1598, he was elected to a Fellowship of the College in 1604 and retained this until 1610.

His first recorded appointment was as Rector of St. Michaels, Crooked Lane, in 1614, and in 1616 he was given a Doctor's Degree at Magdalen College, Oxford. About this time he has been described as "... a good School Divine and well read in the works of the Early Church Fathers, as well as a witty man, a good logician, and philosopher."

He was elected a Prebend and Canon of Canterbury Cathedral, and his connection with the Cathedral is permanently recorded in the existing Font, which he presented about 1636. His next appointments were to the livings of Bishopsbourne, Kent, in 1619, to St. Dionis, Backchurch, London, in 1625, and Hollingbourne, Kent. It would appear that these last two livings were held by him concurrently. Warner's intimate association with the Royalist cause commences with his appointment as Chaplain to King Charles I, and in 1632 his first preferment came on his election as Dean of Lichfield. Five years later, 1637, at the age of fifty-seven, he was consecrated Bishop of Rochester, which he retained for twenty-nine years, till his death in 1666. In 1638 he was also appointed Rector of Bromley, then appropriated to the Bishopric

QVOT WARNERE TIBI SPECIOSA VOLVMINA! QVANTVM
HÆC TIBI SPLENDOREM BIBLIOTHECA REFERT!



By permission of the President of Magdalen College

Gillman & Soame, Oxford

JOHN WARNER, BISHOP OF ROCHESTER

From a portrait by John Taylor (1670) in the President's Residence, Magdalen College, Oxford

of Rochester, and served by a Curate appointed by the Bishop. It appears from a letter written by him in 1660 that he held most of these preferments along with his Bishopric.

Warner was always a strong supporter of the Royalist cause. After his appointment as Chaplain to King Charles I he accompanied Laud, then Bishop of London, as his Chaplain, to Scotland in 1633, when the King was crowned at Edinburgh and held his Parliament there. At this time he preached several sermons in a bold and fighting spirit, which brought him in for some criticisms. One writer says: "All Lent long, His Majesty's Chaplains, instead of Fasting, preached Fighting, and instead of Peace, preacht punishing of rebels, amongst whom Wilie Warner of Rochester, having got a Bishopric for making one Sermon, he gave the King another gratis, wherein he railed at the rebels, as his Patron has promised him a better Bishopric." There exists also a very amusing letter, dated March 8th, 1639, to Laud, now Archbishop of Canterbury, in reply to a request to bring him a copy of a sermon preached in Rochester Cathedral on the text: "Forget not the voice of thine enemies: the tumult of those that rise up against thee increaseth continually."

Warner writes from Bromley:

"In a dutiful obedience to your most gracious commands I here humbly present to your merciful judgment the Eccho of those Voices which . . . might have better been forgot. . . . Your Grace's summons came to me so late last Friday night that I had no more time to awake my poor body out of sleep and to restore it to its former sense, without kumbing it or washing the very face. And dare your Grace believe me, I had enough to do to shift it out of a foul into a clean shirt, tho' this but made of rags. . . ."

In 1641 came the great event in Warner's career. On November 12th he, with the Primate Laud and twelve other Bishops, who had taken part in the proceedings of Convocation, was impeached by the House

of Commons. Warner was chosen by the Bishops to solicit their cause, and in consultation with his legal advisers put in a Plea and Demurrer. His contemporary, Fuller, writes of him: ". . . Only Dr. John Warner, Bishop of Rochester, was He, in whom dying Episcopacy gave the last groan in the House of Lords; one of good speech and a cheerful spirit, and (which made both) a good purse and (which made all three) a good cause, as he conceived in his conscience, which made him very pertinently and valiantly defend the antiquity and justice of bishops' votes in Parliament."

The result of this agitation against the Bishops led to their right to sit and vote in Parliament being abrogated, and when the Civil War broke out, in August 1642, Warner was forced to quit his diocese and his residence in Bromley and go into exile. For three years he wandered in the West country, and has left many interesting details in a letter written to the Board of Sequestration, May 25th, 1646. During all this period Warner continued to preach, and as he says: "I flying preached the truth, boldly and plainly, in all places against our enemys." He appears to have been a considerable time at Ludlow, and several of his manuscript sermons headed and dated from that town exist. In 1647 Warner seems to have returned to Bromley, but another severe blow now fell on him, and by Ordinance of Parliament, December 2nd, 1647, his various spiritualities and temporalities were sequestered and sold, and later his own private property was attached to the extent of some £10,000. Two years later, 1649, Warner was freed from all his sequestrations on the payment of certain fines, and from then till the Restoration of Charles II apparently lived peaceably in retirement. He emerged into active life in 1660, and writes to his friend Dr. Sheldon: "So far as I can learn there is not a Clergyman living who hath done or suffered (put them both together) more for the King, the Church, and the poor Clergy, than I

have, neither can be more ready and willing to do and suffer the like again when justly called. If you ask me why I write all this, and why to you, I pray that you may be pleased to witness for me, that though I am utterly forgotten in all, yet that I have not forgot in any kind to discharge the part of a true and loyall subject to my Sovereign Lord, nor of as dutifull son to my Holy Mother the Church." At the Coronation of Charles II, at Westminster, April 23rd, 1661, Warner was naturally chosen to take a part and read the petition of the Bishops in these words: "Our Lord and King, we beseech you to grant and preserve to us and the Churches committed to our charge all canonical privileges and due law and justice, and that you would protect and defend us, as every good King in his Kingdom ought to be a Protector and Defender of the Bishops and Churches under his Government."

Early in 1662, in his eighty-first year, he completed his quarter of a century as Bishop of Rochester, and once more addressed his clergy in his own Cathedral: "It is twenty-five yeeres since I visited in this place, and in twenty of these the Bishops' power hath been utterly taken away, and in the last two yeeres much suspended; no mervail then that the Bishop hath work enough to set all in order that is left undone or done amiss." From then till the end of his days he worked to make up for what was "left undone or done amiss." A month or two before his death Warner wrote his Will, making many bequests which have been of lasting benefit to the Diocese of Rochester. During his life he gave £200 to help towards the repairs of the Cathedral, and left a further £800 for the same purpose. He gave £2,000 to augment the stipends of poor livings of Rochester, but his most permanent memorial was the foundation of Bromley College, "for the maintenance of twelve poore widowes being the Relicts of orthodox and loyal clergymen and of a chaplyn to minister in holy things to them according to the Church of England."

He died October 14th, 1666, after a full and active life, and was buried in the Chapel of St. John the Baptist, in Rochester Cathedral, where there is a handsome monument to his memory. A contemporary sums up his character as: ". . . A truly great and good prelate . . . and moreover an able man. . . . He was a person whose zeal for God and religion was most eminently conspicuous and fervent . . . his courage and activity in every good cause was equalled by few, excelled by none . . . he was generous to the last degree and exceedingly charitable to the poor . . . setting an excellent example to all about him. This is he of whose bounty and great liberality many distressed souls have tasted, and whose reward no doubt is laid up for him in another world."



Flemons, Tonbridge

TOMB OF BISHOP JOHN WARNER IN ROCHESTER CATHEDRAL

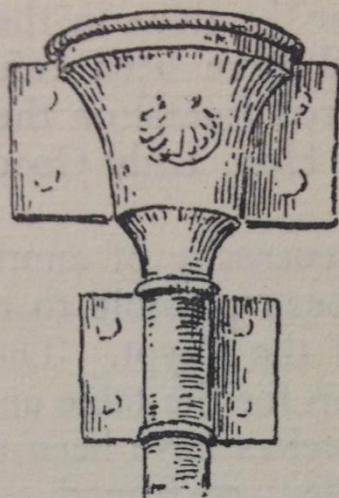
GIFTS RECEIVED

DURING the year the altars in the Lady Chapel and St. Peter's Chapel have been refurnished by gifts. The red embroidered frontal on the altar of St. Peter is the work of the Hon. Lady Goodenough, a Friend of the Cathedral.

Through the generosity of another Friend of the Cathedral it has been possible to refurnish the altar at the east end of the Crypt. The walls have been pointed; an oak top for the table and an oak dais and altar rails with kneelers have been provided, together with a gold-brocaded red frontal. A new carpet will shortly be placed in position. The refurnishing has been designed by Mr. Forsyth. This gift has provided the long-needed fully-equipped chapel in the Crypt.

The new Altar Book, presented in memory of Mr. Charles Hylton-Stewart, was used for the first time on Easter Day.

REQUESTS FOR GIFTS



RAINWATER HEADS AND PIPES

THE rainwater heads and pipes of the nave and aisles are of lead, but, until a few years ago, those serving the choir and transepts were of cast iron, dating from 1875. Of these many were damaged by rust, others were cracked and in parts broken, and so they have been replaced in cast lead—a metal which needs no paint and cannot be injured by frost. There are still needed three heads, which, with the piping necessary, would cost £40 each; two others with less piping £25 each; and a further two, with very little piping, about £15 each, but these last are not immediately required.

The Council suggest, and the Dean and Chapter approve of the suggestion, that these might be given by individual Friends. The arms or initials of the donor of each pipe could be represented on the “head,” following an ancient manner of decoration, and thus making a permanent record of the gift. The illustration shows a “head” decorated with the scallop shell badge of the Friends.

THE CATHEDRAL AS A CENTRE OF PRAYER, WORK AND WORSHIP

As the Mother Church of the Diocese the Cathedral has taken its part in the life of the nation during the past year. To the Cathedral have come the Diocesan organizations for their Festivals and Thanksgivings, and at the daily services special parishes have been remembered in prayer on nearly every day of the week.

In January we came to the Cathedral to commemorate the death of our greatly-loved king, George V, and from that time young and old came to ask a blessing on their various activities—the Mothers' Union, Schools, boys of the T.S. *Arethusa* and Youth Organizations. The great Thankoffering Service at the completion of the Twelve Churches Fund is a reminder that the Cathedral still takes its part in sending out help to those places unserved by a church as it did in the days of Ethelbert.

The Cathedral was honoured in May by a visit from Her Majesty the Queen (then Duchess of York) and Her Majesty Queen Mary.

Churchmen of note who have accepted invitations to preach in the Cathedral have included Bishop Carey, the Deans of Canterbury and Windsor, the Archdeacon of Aston, the Master of the Temple and the Chaplain-in-Chief to the Royal Air Force.

FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER
CATHEDRAL

Life Members

Lt.-Col. Oscar Boulton
Mr. J. Campbell, jun.
Mr. D. Gunn
Miss M. Schooling
Mr. W. H. Stratton
Mr. W. K. Whigham
Major Granville Winch

Corporate Members

"Arethusa" T.S.

Beckenham Antiquarian Society
Beckenham, Christ Church, Parochial Church Council
Beckenham & Penge County School for Boys
Beckenham County School for Girls
Beckenham, Holy Trinity, P.C.C.
Beckenham, St. Barnabas, P.C.C.
Bexleyheath, Christ Church, P.C.C.
Bickley, P.C.C.
Borstal, St. Matthew's, P.C.C.
Bromley, St. Luke's, P.C.C.

Chatham, All Saints, P.C.C.
Chatham County School for Girls
Chatham, St. John's, P.C.C.
Chiddingstone P.C.C.
Chislehurst, St. Nicholas, P.C.C.
Cobham P.C.C.

Dartford, St. Alban's, P.C.C.

Erith County School
Erith Parish P.C.C.
Erith, Christ Church, P.C.C.
Eynesford, St. Martin's, P.C.C.

Farningham P.C.C.
Four Elms P.C.C.

Gad's Hill Place School
Gillingham County School for Boys

Gillingham, St. Mark's, P.C.C.
Gravesend County School for Boys
Gravesend County School for Girls
Gravesend, St. James', P.C.C.

Hayes P.C.C.
Kinnaird Park School
Kippington P.C.C.

Leigh P.C.C.

Matfield P.C.C.
Meopham P.C.C.

Northfleet, St. Botolph's, P.C.C.

Paddock Wood, St. Andrew's, P.C.C.
Penge, St. Paul's, P.C.C.
Provincial Grand Lodge of Kent

Rochester Cathedral Choir School
Rochester Cathedral Old Choristers' Association
Rochester Grammar School for Girls
Rochester Grammar School for Girls (Staff)
Rochester Junior Technical School for Boys
Rochester, King's School
Rochester, St. Peter's, P.C.C.
Rochester, Mathematical School
Royal Engineers, Corps of
Rusthall P.C.C.

St. Nicholas, College of, Chislehurst
Seal P.C.C.
Sevenoaks Parish Church
Sevenoaks Weald, St. George's, P.C.C.
Sidcup County School for Boys
Slade Green, St. Augustine's, P.C.C.
Southborough, St. Thomas', P.C.C.
Strood, St. Mary's Girls' School
Strood, St. Mary's, P.C.C.
Swanley Horticultural College

Tunbridge Wells, St. Barnabas', P.C.C.

Underriver P.C.C.

Wainscott Council School

Individual Members

Mrs. Abell
Rev. R. W. H. Acworth
Mrs. R. W. H. Acworth
Mrs. Adams
Rev. F. K. Aglionby
Mrs. F. K. Aglionby
Miss R. F. Aglionby
Mr. G. K. Anderson
Mrs. G. K. Anderson
Miss A. Ansell
Mrs. E. J. Ansell
Mr. P. Ansell
Miss S. Bruce Ansell
Miss S. G. Anthony
Lt.-Commr. E. L. Archbold
Mr. E. Armitage
Mr. E. Armitage
Mrs. E. Armitage
Mr. R. A. Arnold
Mrs. R. A. Arnold
Mrs. Arnott
Miss M. Arnott
Mrs. Ash
Miss D. Ash
Mr. K. W. Ashby
Miss F. C. Austin
Miss P. Ayling
Mr. M. Baird
Mr. C. M. Baker
Sir Herbert Baker
Miss P. B. C. Baker
Mrs. Banner
Canon P. Barker
Dr. H. C. Barnard
Mr. F. A. Barrett
Rear-Admiral B. W. Barrow
Miss D. W. Beale
Miss D. L. Beck
Commr. J. L. Bedale
Mrs. J. L. Bedale
Mr. H. C. Beere
Mrs. H. C. Beere
Canon G. Fancourt Bell
Mr. H. A. Bennett
Mrs. H. A. Bennett
Lady Bennett
Rev. F. W. Bennitt
Mrs. F. W. Bennitt
Miss Bentall
Mr. V. B. Crowther-Beynon
Mr. A. H. Bird
Mr. C. H. Golding-Bird
Miss V. Black
Mr. W. M. Black
Mr. W. Blanchard
Mrs. W. Blanchard
Mrs. Bland
Mrs. Blandford
Miss R. C. Boddington
Mr. J. H. Bolton
Major-Gen. L. V. Bond
Rev. C. Bone
Mrs. C. Bone
Mrs. Boone
Mrs. Boorman
Mrs. A. C. Borton
Mr. G. C. Bosanquet
Rev. W. E. Bott
Mrs. W. E. Bott
Mrs. F. C. Boucher
Miss M. Boucher
Mrs. Oscar Boulton
Miss I. M. Bourne
Dr. W. Dykes Bower
Miss F. S. Bowring
Miss M. Bowyer
Rev. F. Boyd
Mrs. E. Boyle
Mrs. W. Boyle
Mrs. Bradbury
Rev. A. M. Brakenrig
Mr. S. J. Brice
Miss E. Bristow
Miss G. Bristow
Mr. F. E. Bromley
Mrs. Brown
Mrs. Tatton Brown
Miss D. M. Browne
Mr. O. Browne
Miss L. E. Bryant
Mrs. Brumfitt
Mr. L. Bull
Mrs. Bunting
Miss Grant-Burls
Mr. H. C. Burnett
Mrs. Burney
Mr. R. G. Burton
Mrs. R. G. Burton
Mr. H. V. Bury
Mrs. J. Bush
Miss E. Busk
Miss F. Butcher

Rev. S. L. Butcher
 Rev. J. Butler
 Mr. T. R. Fitzwalter Butler
 Mrs. Byrne
 The Lady Cable
 Mrs. Callund
 Miss A. Callund
 Miss C. Callund
 Miss D. A. Callund
 Miss K. M. Callund
 Miss H. Campbell
 Mr. J. Campbell
 Mrs. J. Campbell
 Rev. E. Cannon
 Capt. G. T. H. Capron
 The Hon. Mrs. Capron
 Miss Carnegie
 Rev. H. J. Carpenter
 Miss Carr
 Lt.-Col. H. F. Bonham-Carter
 Mr. F. J. Caswell
 Mrs. Champion
 Miss K. Champion
 Miss B. Champlin
 Mr. F. Charlesworth
 Miss H. M. S. Cheetham
 Rev. F. Child
 Miss V. R. Christie
 Miss Irene Churchill
 Mr. E. D. Clark
 Mr. F. G. Clark
 Mr. F. J. Clark
 The Canon Stuart H. Clark
 The Rev. A. L. Coates
 Mr. E. Farley Cobb
 Mrs. E. Farley Cobb
 Mrs. H. Cobb
 Mr. I'Anson Cobb
 Mrs. L. I'Anson Cobb
 Mr. R. Cobb
 Mrs. R. Cobb
 Mrs. Somers Cocks
 Mr. A. Cole
 Miss F. E. Cole
 Miss E. L. L. Colebrooke
 Miss H. E. Collinson
 Miss E. S. Colson
 Mr. W. Colthup
 Mr. R. M. Cook
 Mr. R. Cooke
 The Rev. S. H. Cooke
 Miss C. J. Cooper
 Miss H. M. Cooper
 Miss M. E. Cooper
 Mrs. R. B. Cooper
 Mr. C. Cope
 Mr. A. F. Corfe
 Canon E. C. Corfe
 Mr. H. G. Couchman
 Mr. F. Cowan
 Mrs. Cripps
 Miss R. Critcheson
 Mr. B. Cross
 Mr. G. Crosse
 Mr. J. B. Cullen
 Miss Pickersgill-Cunliffe
 Miss Curling
 Miss E. Curling
 Mrs. P. Currey
 Mrs. Curteis
 Canon H. Curtis
 Alderman R. W. Dale
 Mrs. Dale
 Miss Irene Darling
 The Dowager Countess of Darnley
 Mrs. Dartnell
 Mr. E. W. Davies
 Mrs. E. W. Davies
 Miss L. K. Davies
 Mrs. Davison
 Dr. E. Hermitage Day
 Mr. F. H. Day
 Mrs. F. H. Day
 Mr. F. H. Cripps-Day
 Captain M. W. Denham
 Mrs. Dews
 Mr. G. E. Dibley
 Mrs. G. E. Dibley
 Mr. C. Tattershall Dodd
 Mrs. C. Tattershall Dodd
 Dr. H. A. Douglas
 Sir G. Tyrwhitt-Drake
 Mrs. Drysdale
 Mr. F. H. Duffield
 Rev. E. H. Dunkley
 Mr. J. H. Durrant
 Mrs. Durrant
 Miss Norah Dyke
 Miss A. Edlmann
 Lt.-Col. F. J. F. Edlmann
 Rev. H. E. Edwards
 Mr. T. S. Eliot
 Mr. A. Pontifex Elliot

Miss M. Elwyn
 Rev. S. M. Epps
 Mrs. Epps
 Chancellor F. H. L. Errington
 Mrs. Ewbank
 Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Evans
 Canon F. J. Everett
 Mrs. F. J. Everett
 Mrs. Fairweather
 Col. C. F. Underhill-Faithorne
 Mrs. Underhill-Faithorne
 Mrs. Farris
 Miss F. M. Fayerman
 Miss W. M. Fayerman
 Mrs. Fearnley
 Mr. E. Featherstone
 Sir T. Colyer-Fergusson, Bt.
 Rev. K. M. Ffinch
 Mrs. K. M. Ffinch
 Miss M. Ffinch
 Mr. A. M. Fleet
 Miss F. M. Fleet
 Miss Fletcher
 Mrs. L. Fletcher
 Mr. F. J. G. Foot
 Miss M. Forbes
 Miss Fox
 Mrs. Freeman
 Mr. W. Marshall Freeman
 Mr. H. S. Fremlin
 Mr. J. B. Frith
 Mrs. J. B. Frith
 Miss Fryer
 Miss A. Galer
 Rev. R. F. Galer
 Rev. F. S. Gammon
 Hon. Mrs. Gay
 Miss E. Gedge
 Mr. G. Gibbens
 Mrs. Gillings
 Miss M. Gillings
 Rev. A. T. Godson
 Mr. H. Goitein
 Sir Park Goff, Bt.
 Admiral Sir William Goodenough
 Hon. Lady Goodenough
 Mr. H. Clinton Goodhew
 Mrs. Goodhew
 Mr. E. D. Goodwin
 Mrs. Goodwin
 Miss G. Goodwin
 Mr. P. Goodyear
 Mrs. P. Goodyear
 Canon C. Gosselin
 Mrs. C. Gosselin
 Miss Goudie
 Mrs. Goulden
 Mr. H. D. C. Grace
 Mrs. H. D. C. Grace
 Rev. E. A. Graham
 The Bishop of Grimsby
 Miss A. M. Gray
 Canon W. J. Gray
 Dr. C. W. Greene
 Mrs. C. W. Greene
 Rev. S. W. Groom
 Mrs. Gross
 Mrs. Guise
 Miss Gunn
 Miss M. A. Gunn
 Mrs. Gunter
 Mrs. Haines
 Mrs. Hambrook
 Mr. A. G. Hammond
 Canon L. D. Hammond
 Miss A. Hankins
 The Lord Hardinge of Penshurst
 Rev. Dr. Hardman
 Mrs. Hardman
 Miss K. M. Hardy
 Miss Norah Hardy
 Bishop Harmer
 Mrs. Harmer
 Miss A. D. Harmer
 Miss E. Harnden
 The Lord Harris
 Mr. C. Harvey
 Miss E. M. Harvey
 Mr. H. B. Harvey
 Mr. Ivor Harwood
 Mr. T. C. Harwood
 Mrs. T. C. Harwood
 Miss M. F. Haviland
 Lady Hawley
 Miss Haymen
 Miss E. C. Haymen
 Mr. W. E. Heath
 Mrs. W. E. Heath
 Mrs. Hedley
 Mr. D. C. Herries
 Mr. R. S. Herries
 Canon H. A. Hickin
 Rev. A. J. Hicks
 Mr. A. J. Hill

Mrs. A. J. Hill
Mrs. H. Hills
Mrs. Hobson
Miss E. M. Hockin
Miss S. Hockin
Sir Thos. Hohler
Mr. E. Holcombe
Miss F. A. Holland
Miss M. E. Holmes
Dr. J. Holroyde
Mr. H. F. Homan
Miss W. Homan
Mrs. Honeyball
Mr. F. C. Hooker
Mrs. Hooker
Mrs. Hooper
Mrs. Hope
Miss Hoyte
Mr. A. Hudson
Mr. G. S. Hughes
Miss Hulland
Mr. A. E. Hunt
Mrs. Hunt
Mr. J. E. Hunt
Mr. E. L. Hunter
Mrs. Hunting
Miss G. Hurst
Rev. H. H. Hurwood
Mr. E. W. Hussey
Mr. N. G. Hutchings
Mr. H. S. Huxley
Major W. R. V. Isaac
Miss E. L. Jackson
Miss E. M. H. Jackson
Miss H. James
Major H. G. James
Rev. D. E. Jarvis
Miss L. M. Jarvis
Sir Arthur Jelf
Miss D. Jelf
Miss E. M. Jenkins
Mr. C. F. J. Jennings
Miss M. J. Jennings
Mrs. Jepson
Miss C. Jepson
Mr. E. W. Johnson
Mrs. E. W. Johnson
Mr. G. W. Johnson
Mrs. Johnstone
Rev. R. Johnstone
Mrs. R. Johnstone
Rev. J. D. Jones

Surgeon-Capt. K. H. Jones
Miss M. E. Jones
Mr. P. D. Jones
Rev. P. H. Jones
Mrs. W. Jones
Mr. J. N. Judd
Mrs. Kealy
Miss C. Keen
Miss M. F. Kemp
Miss W. Kenney
Mr. G. Kent
Rev. F. F. Key
Mr. S. Kilworth Keyes
Mrs. Kilworth Keyes
Mr. F. O. Keyte
Mr. H. G. L. King
Mrs. H. G. L. King
Bishop Lanchester King
Mrs. Lanchester King
Mrs. Kirwan
Archdeacon Klugh
Mrs. Klugh
Rev. R. H. W. Kneese
Miss E. D. Knight
Lt.-Col. J. H. Knight
Mr. H. W. Knocker
Rev. C. de Labat
Canon F. W. Lace
Miss M. Ladbury
Miss O. Lambert
Major-Gen. Sir Ronald Lane
Lady Lane
Miss A. Lanfear
Miss E. Lanfear
Mr. C. Langhorne
Miss J. Langhorne
Rev. E. L. Langston
Canon C. J. D. La Touche
Mr. Algernon Latter
Mrs. Alfred Latter
Mr. A. H. Lawrence
Mrs. W. L. Lawrence
Canon T. G. Gilling-Lax
Mr. E. B. Lee
Mrs. Sydney Lee
Mr. W. S. Lee
Messrs. Leonards (Rochester),
Ltd.
Mr. J. Levett
Mr. W. F. Lewis
Mr. A. S. R. Ley
Mrs. Limouzin

Rev. A. B. Littlewood
 Miss A. Littlewood
 Miss K. D. D. Littlewood
 Canon G. M. Livett
 Mrs. G. M. Livett
 Miss M. E. Loftus
 Mr. W. M. Longley
 Mrs. W. M. Longley
 Col. Luck
 Mr. H. Ludlow
 Mrs. F. W. Lund
 Canon W. E. Lutyens
 Miss F. E. Maddocks
 Mrs. R. C. F. Maitland
 Rev. J. N. Mallinson
 Mr. H. S. Mannering
 Miss E. B. Marsh
 Mrs. W. Marsh
 Canon J. H. Masters
 Mr. W. A. Smith-Masters
 Mrs. W. A. Smith-Masters
 Mr. F. C. Matthews
 Mr. W. Maunder
 Mrs. D. Maxwell
 Mr. Arthur Mee
 Paymaster-Com. A. W. B. Messenger
 Mrs. Metcalfe
 Miss Methuen
 Mr. W. Millington
 Miss E. D. Milne
 Mrs. Milsom
 Maj.-Gen. Sir Arthur W. Money
 Mrs. Frewen Moor
 Mr. W. H. Moorby
 Miss Moore
 Captain N. C. Moore
 Mrs. Stuart Moore
 Dr. Morris
 Mr. G. Morris
 Mr. P. R. Morris
 Mr. A. J. H. Mowbray
 Mrs. A. J. H. Mowbray
 Mr. A. L. Muirhead
 Mrs. A. L. Muirhead
 Mr. J. S. Mulvey
 Mrs. J. S. Mulvey
 Rev. A. E. Murray
 Mrs. A. E. Murray
 Mrs. McClellan
 Mr. G. B. McClure
 Mr. T. H. McDermott
 Miss K. McIsaac
 Mrs. Mackay
 Canon W. H. Mackean
 Mrs. Macnaughton
 Rev. E. J. Nash
 Mrs. E. J. Nash
 Mr. G. G. Neech
 Mr. W. J. Neilson
 Mr. G. W. Neves
 Mr. C. Nicholson
 Miss D. E. Nicholson
 Miss M. L. Nicholson
 Dr. Sydney Nicholson
 Mr. A. C. Norman
 Mr. W. R. Nottidge
 Mrs. M. E. Nowell
 Miss C. Oakley
 Mrs. Ogden
 Mrs. Ogilvy
 Canon A. W. Oliver
 Miss A. E. Ollivant
 Mr. B. H. St. John O'Neil
 The Marchioness of Ormonde
 Miss B. M. Orwin
 Rev. S. E. Osborne
 Mrs. Ozanne
 Mr. Mark Packer
 Miss A. B. Paine
 Mr. G. Palmer
 Mrs. G. Palmer
 Miss Palmer
 Mr. G. H. Palmer
 Miss M. M. E. Palmer
 Miss O. L. Palmer
 Mr. A. H. Pargeter
 Canon W. Parker
 Mrs. Parks
 Messrs. Parrett & Neves
 Mr. W. L. Parry
 Mrs. W. L. Parry
 Miss E. Parsonage
 Mrs. Parsons
 Mr. A. E. Parsons
 Mrs. A. E. Parsons
 Canon A. P. Pascoe
 Mr. F. Walter Payne
 Miss M. D. Payne
 Mrs. Pearse
 The Lady Dorothy Peplow
 Miss Jane Peplow
 Mr. J. L. Percival
 Mrs. J. L. Percival

Mr. P. Peters
Rev. Dr. L. R. Phelps
Miss Phillips
Mr. J. E. Phillips
Miss H. D. S. Phillpotts
Miss Mary Phillpotts
Mrs. Picnot
Mr. E. H. Pilcher
Mr. W. A. Pite
The Lord Plender
Captain L. F. Plugge
Mrs. L. F. Plugge
Rev. G. F. Pollard
Mrs. Pollock
Miss N. Pollock
Miss Nicola Pollock
Mrs. Pope
Miss E. M. Pott
Mrs. Povey
Canon H. T. Powell
Mrs. H. T. Powell
Rev. G. T. S. Prentice
Mrs. Price
Mrs. Pring
Miss E. M. Purser
Miss T. H. Purser
Mrs. A. A. Randall
Mr. W. E. R. Randall
Mrs. Rathbone
Miss L. Rathbone
Mrs. Reid
Mrs. Richards
Mr. E. P. Boys Richardson
Mr. R. E. Rigg
Mrs. Rigg
Rev. C. F. Ritson
Mrs. C. F. Ritson
Mrs. Robins
Mrs. Robson
The Archdeacon of Rochester
The Dean of Rochester
Mrs. Rooke
Mrs. Rooper
Miss K. F. Roper
Mr. T. H. Rose
Mrs. E. J. Ross
Mrs. Round
Miss V. Ruffer
Miss C. Russell
Canon G. C. E. Ryley
Miss D. L. Sandford
Mrs. E. E. Sayers

Rev. L. Denton Sayers
Miss Schon
Miss A. Schon
Rev. F. L. Schreiber
Mrs. Scott
Canon Serle
Sir John Shaw
Dr. A. Shelley
Mrs. A. Shelley
Miss A. Shinkwin
Mrs. Siede
Mr. F. H. Simpkins
Mrs. F. H. Simpkins
Canon D. C. Simpson
Mr. D. Chisholm Simpson
Mrs. Smallwood
Mr. H. Smetham
Miss L. R. Smetham
Miss A. D. Smith
Miss A. E. Smith
Mr. A. G. Smith
Mrs. A. G. Smith
Miss C. C. Smith
Mrs. E. Smith
Miss H. Snowdon Smith
Mrs. L. Smith
Miss M. Smith
Miss G. Gilead-Smith
Miss E. Smithers
Miss I. Soutter
Mr. W. A. Soyer
Miss M. Sparrow
Mr. F. B. Sparshott
Mrs. Spoor
Mr. A. C. Sprules
Miss D. W. Sprules
Miss G. K. Sprules
Miss G. L. Sprules
Mr. H. W. Standon
Mrs. Standfield
Miss R. Standfield
The Earl Stanhope
Mr. F. W. S. Stanton
Mr. A. Stephens
Mrs. A. Stephens
Miss E. C. Stevens
Mrs. Stewart
Mrs. Hylton Stewart
Mr. G. H. Stickland
Mrs. G. H. Stickland
Miss L. I. Stickland
Mrs. Stirling

Mr. W. K. Storr
Capt. B. Storrs
Mr. C. E. Storrs
Mr. Warwick Stunt
Mr. A. H. Sturge
Mr. B. W. Swithinbank
Mrs. Tait
Miss B. M. Tait
Mr. Justice Talbot
Miss M. S. Talbot
Mr. A. H. Taylor
Miss U. G. Taylor
Rev. A. L. Temple
Dr. J. Oscar Thomas
Mrs. Oscar Thomas
Mrs. H. P. Thompson
Miss V. Gilchrist Thompson
Dame Sybil Thorndike
Rev. H. W. Thorne
Miss N. Thornhill
Miss A. H. Tiarks
Miss S. L. Tiarks
Miss C. Tibbits
The Archdeacon of Tonbridge
Mrs. Tooley
Mr. W. P. Toone
Rev. W. J. Torrence
Mrs. Chenevix Trench
Mr. J. S. Trice
Mrs. J. S. Trice
Mr. J. W. Trice
Brigadier H. L. Tripp
Mrs. Tripp
Mr. T. C. Tristram
Mrs. T. C. Tristram
Mr. C. Tuff
Mrs. G. S. Turing
Admiral Sir Hugh Tweedie
Mr. F. W. Tyler
Miss E. Underhill
Rev. F. Lyle Uppleby
Mrs. F. Lyle Uppleby
Miss C. B. Vian
Mrs. Meade-Waldo
Canon A. T. Wallis
Mrs. G. Ward
Mrs. W. P. Ward
Rev. G. F. Campbell-Ward
Mrs. Campbell-Ward
Sir Charles Warde, Bt.

Rev. F. W. Warland
Mr. E. H. Lee-Warner
Mrs. Lee-Warner
Mr. A. R. Warnes
Mrs. Webb
Messers. A. G. Webb & Sons
Canon C. E. Webb
Rev. H. Welch
Bishop Welldon
Rev. A. G. B. West
Mr. W. West
Rev. E. B. Whalley
Mrs. Wharton
Canon S. W. Wheatley
Dr. C. White
Mrs. C. White
Miss Monica White
Mrs. W. J. Whitehead
Mr. F. Whitehouse
Miss W. A. Whiting
Alderman H. F. Whyman
Mrs. Wigan
Miss E. G. Wigan
Miss E. J. Wigan
Mr. G. Wigglesworth
Miss M. A. Wilde
Miss M. U. Wilde
Mrs. Wilkinson
Mrs. Saltren-Willett
Miss R. Saltren-Willett
Mr. A. E. Williams
Mrs. A. E. Williams
Miss E. Williams
Mr. Charles Willis
Mrs. E. Basset Willis
Rev. B. H. C. Wilson
Rev. F. Wiltshire
Mrs. B. Winnifrith
Mrs. Winnington
Miss E. Winstanley
Mrs. E. M. Wood
Miss A. Woolley
Miss G. E. Woolley
Mrs. Wrake
Mr. C. H. L. Wright
Miss E. Wyles
Mr. E. J. Wythes
Dr. J. H. Yolland
Miss R. J. Young

FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER CATHEDRAL

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1936

45

<i>Expenditure</i>				<i>Income</i>			
	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
To Salary		69	5 6	By Subscriptions—			
„ Printing—				Ordinary	372	19	0
Annual Report	25	12	2	Life Membership	60	0	0
Miscellaneous	3	12	6				
		<u>29</u>	4 8				432 19 0
„ Purchase of Badges Sold		6	5 2	„ Donations			7 8 6
„ Stationery		7	6 11	„ Sale of Annual Reports			16 4
„ Postages		14	12 11	„ Sale of Badges			11 12 0
„ Office Expenses, Duplicating, etc.		7	14 11	„ Proceeds of Inaugural Festival			5 14 4
„ Telephone		1	11 5	„ Proceeds of First Annual Festival			1 4
„ Lecture Expenses		2	15 8	„ Lecture Fees			23 14 4
„ Depreciation of Office Equipment, etc.		1	7 6				<u>482 5 10</u>
		<u>140</u>	4 8	„ Excess of Expenditure over Income			
„ Reparation Work, paid for or voted—				for the year			28 12 6
Organ Fund	25	0	0				
Old Chapter House	70	13	2				
Parapets and Coving	25	0	0				
Dormitory Undercroft	25	0	6				
		<u>370</u>	13 8				
		<u>£510</u>	18 4				<u>£510 18 4</u>

FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER CATHEDRAL
INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1936

<i>Expenditure</i>				<i>Income</i>			
	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
To Salary			69 5 6	By Subscriptions—			
„ Printing—				Ordinary	372	19	0
Annual Report	25	12	2	Life Membership	60	0	0
Miscellaneous	3	12	6				432 19 0
			29 4 8	„ Donations			7 8 6
„ Purchase of Badges Sold			6 5 2	„ Sale of Annual Reports			16 4
„ Stationery			7 6 11	„ Sale of Badges			11 12 0
„ Postages			14 12 11	„ Proceeds of Inaugural Festival			5 14 4
„ Office Expenses, Duplicating, etc.			7 14 11	„ Proceeds of First Annual Festival			1 4
„ Telephone			1 11 5	„ Lecture Fees			23 14 4
„ Lecture Expenses			2 15 8				482 5 10
„ Depreciation of Office Equipment, etc.			1 7 6	„ Excess of Expenditure over Income			
			140 4 8	for the year			28 12 6
„ Reparation Work, paid for or voted—							
Organ Fund	25	0	0				
Old Chapter House	70	13	2				
Parapets and Coping	250	0	0				
Dormitory Undercroft	25	0	6				
			370 13 8				
			£510 18 4				£510 18 4

45

1937

Please fill up and send to MISS SANDFORD,
The Deanery, Rochester.

FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER CATHEDRAL

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

I wish to join the FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER CATHEDRAL, and am willing to pay an annual subscription of

I enclose a Banker's Order }
Cheque } £ : s. d.
Postal Order }

(Cross out whichever does not apply)

ALL CHEQUES, etc., should be made payable to the FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER CATHEDRAL, and crossed *Westminster Bank, Rochester.*

NAME

(with style and in block letters)

PERMANENT ADDRESS

Date Signed

BANKER'S ORDER

To Messrs.

(Fill in the name of your Bank)

Please pay to the account of FRIENDS OF ROCHESTER CATHEDRAL, *Westminster Bank, Rochester*, the sum of £ : s. d. now and every year on the same day until further notice.

Date Signed